

History - Reception - Understanding the world - The World

For full EYFS progression map [EYFS progression at MBS](#)

ELG –					
Focus					
Prior knowledge (Nursery)					
Current Knowledge-Reception					
Vocabulary					
Future Knowledge (y1)					
<u>Developing</u>				<u>Embedded</u>	

History -Year 1 Inventors

<p>Prior knowledge</p>	<p>Current Knowledge- Changes within living memory the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements.</p>				<p>Future Knowledge</p>
<p>Early Learning Goal Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members.</p>	<p>What is an invention? Key inventions of last 20-40 years</p>	<p>Who invented the internet? Tim Berners lee</p>	<p>Who invented the mobile phone? Jesse Russel - (digital cell phones)</p>	<p>Who invented the computers as we know them? Steve Jobs, Bill Gates</p>	<p>Changes within living memory the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements.</p>
<p>Recurring Vocabulary-</p>	<p>Vocabulary: Invention, internet, mobile phone, significant people, computers, memory, achievements</p>		<p>Take away points:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To know why their inventions are significant 2. To know that history can be a living memory 3. To know key significant inventors. 		

Developing

Embedded

History - Year 1 Space travel

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge-					Future Knowledge
Changes within living memory the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements	When did the first rocket go into space?	When did the first man/woman go into space? Who? Yuri Gagarin Valentina Tereshkova	When did first person walk on the moon? Who? Apollo 11, Neil Armstrong	When did first British person go into space? Helen Sharman	What happens in space now? Who visits? Space tourism, would they visit?	the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally
Recurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary- Space, rocket, astronaut, moon, mission, apollo, space tourism,			Take away points: 1. Who was the first person in space 2. Who was the first man on the moon? 3. What is space tourism.		

Developing

Embedded

History - Year 1- Local Area- houses and homes- 1950s

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- significant historical events, people and places in their own locality. events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods			Future Knowledge
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally 	<p>What/where are the newest houses in Middle Barton?</p> <p>Look at examples of new housing</p>	<p>Look at houses from 1950's. Where are they? How are they different?</p>	<p>How have houses changed?</p> <p>Look at much older houses place on timeline, show how they are different, no electricity, fires etc.</p> <p>When was our school built? place on timeline</p>	<p>events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally</p>
Recurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary: Village, house, differences, similarities, roof, chimney, wall, window, timeline	Take away points: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Houses have changed over time To know significant changes To know why changes have happend 		

History - Year 1-Freedom Fighters

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally 			Future Knowledge
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Changes within living memory the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. 	Who is Malala Yousafzai? Why is she important?	Who is Rosa Parks? Why is she important?	Who was Martin Luther King? Who is he important?	<p>significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.</p> <p>events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally</p> <p>the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods</p>
Recurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary- Freedom, significant, racism,	Take away points: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Why is Malala Yousafzai significant Why is Rosa Parks significant Why is MLK significant 		

Developing

Embedded

History - Year 3- Stone Age to Bronze Age

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age					Future Knowledge
<p>Tudors- events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally</p> <p>the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements</p>	When does this time period fit into history?	What did humans need to survive during the Stone Age?	Why was Skara Brae important?	What was Stone Age cave art?	Why was copper mining so important to the Bronze Age people?	<p>the achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of : The Indus Valley</p>
Recurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary-			Take away points:		
				<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How did humans progress from the Stone Age to Bronze Age? 2. What were the key factors in human progression? 3. What was culture like in early human history? 		

History -Year 1/2 - Remembrance

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally			Future Knowledge
<p>significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.</p> <p>events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally</p> <p>the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods</p>	<p>Why do we remember?</p> <p>Link with understanding of history</p>	<p>Who do we remember?</p> <p>Brief overview of great wars and how many many people died. - place events on timeline</p>	<p>How do we remember them?</p> <p>Poppies, Remembrance day, minutes silence, remembrance parades</p>	<p>events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally</p> <p>the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements</p>
<p>Recurring Vocabulary-</p>	<p>Vocabulary-</p> <p>Remembrance, poppies, war, death, soldies, significant events</p>	<p>Take away points:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What is being remembered 2. How it is being remembered 3. Why do we remember it 		

History - Year 2- Explorers- Aviation

<p>Prior knowledge</p>	<p>Current Knowledge- events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally</p> <p>the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements</p>				<p>Future Knowledge</p>
<p>events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally</p> <p>the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements</p>	<p>What was life like in the early 1900s?</p>	<p>Who were the Wright brothers and why are they significant?</p>	<p>Who was Amelia Earhart and why is she significant?</p>	<p>How have planes and air travel changed since the early 1900s?</p>	<p>events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally</p> <p>the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements</p>
<p>Recurring Vocabulary- past</p>	<p><u>Vocabulary-</u> the Wright Brothers, Aviation, Aeroplane, Amelia Earheart, Travel, Past, 1903, 1937, 1932</p>		<p><u>Take away points:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What year was the first aeroplane invented? 2. Who invented the first aeroplane? 3. Why is Amelia Earheart significant? 		

Developing

Embedded

History -Year 2- Suffragettes

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements		Future Knowledge
events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally	Who were the suffragettes?	How did the suffragettes make a difference to life today?	events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements
Recurring Vocabulary-	<u>Vocabulary:</u> Suffragette, vote, Emmeline Pankhurst, Women's Social and Political Union, violence, hunger strike, Emily Davison, protest, 1903, 1913, 1918	<u>Take away points:</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Who was the leader of the Suffragette movement?2. What year did women get the vote?3. What changes occurred as a result?	Vocabulary-Tier 3

History - Year 2- Victorians

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements						Future Knowledge
events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally	What are the Victorians and where do they fit in history?	What was life like in the 18th Century?	What was school like in the Victorian era?	Who was Florence Nightingale and why is she significant?	Who is Mary Seacole and why is she significant?	How is life different today and what changes have been made since the Victorian era?	events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements
Recurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary- Victorian, old fashioned, Queen Victoria, Prince Albert, industrial, chimney sweep, mangle, cane, slate and chalk, dangerous conditions, Florence Nightingale, Crimean war, nurse, Mary Seacole, 1837-1901			Take away points: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What date did the Victorian era begin? 2. Who were Florence Nightingale and Mary Seacole? 3. How does life in the Victorian era compare to life today? 			

History - Year 2- Tudors

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements						Future Knowledge
events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements	What are the Tudors and where do they fit in history?	What was life like in the 17th Century?	What was London like in the 17th Century and how is it different to London today?	What are the events of the Great Fire of London?	How do we know about the Great Fire of London?	What changes happened after the Great Fire of London?	changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age
Recurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary- Tudor, King Henry, wives, Queen Elizabeth 1st, 17th Century, 1485-1603, banquet, wattle and daub, apothecary, blacksmith, rat-catcher, gong farmer, scullery maid, spinster, chandler, 1666, Great Fire of London, Thomas Farriner, Pudding Lane, Samuel Pepys, King Charles, River Thames			Take away points: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When did the Great Fire of London occur? 2. How did the Great Fire of London begin? 3. Why is Samuel Pepys so important? 			

History - Year 3 - The Indus Valley

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- the achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of : The Indus Valley						Future Knowledge
changes in Britain from the Stone Age	Where and when did the Indus Valley civilisation exist?	What significant event happened during this time?	What was it like to live in the Indus Valley?	Who discovered the Indus Valley civilisation?	What was life like in the Indus Valley Civilisation?	What can we learn from The Indus valley artefacts?	non-European society that provides contrasts with British - Ancient Egyptians.
Recurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary-			Take away points:			
<u>Developing</u>				<u>Embedded</u>			

1. What made the Indus Valley special?
2. Why can Ancient History be hard to study?
3. How are historical discoveries made?

History - Year 3 - Ancient Egyptians

<p>Prior knowledge</p>	<p>Current Knowledge- a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – Ancient Egyptians: 3000 - 1300 BC</p>						<p>Future Knowledge</p>
	<p>Where do the Ancient Egyptians fit in history? chronological order</p>	<p>Where were the Ancient Egyptians located and discovered?</p>	<p>What was life like during the Ancient Egyptians period?</p>	<p>Who were the Egyptian Pharaohs and Queens?</p>	<p>What were Ancient Egypt arts and culture?</p>	<p>Why did the Ancient Egyptians decline?</p>	
<p>Reoccurring Vocabulary-</p>	<p>Vocabulary- Nile River, Mummified, Hieroglyphics Sacred, Tutankhamun, Pyramids of Giza</p>			<p>Take away points:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> What was successful about the Ancient Egyptian civilisation for it to survive so long? How did life change within a civilisations time period? How have the Ancient Egyptians impacted us today? 			
<p><u>Developing</u></p>				<p><u>Embedded</u></p>			

History - Year 4 - The Indus Valley

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- the achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of : The Indus Valley						Future Knowledge
changes in Britain from the Stone Age	Where and when did the Indus Valley civilisation exist?	What significant event happened during this time?	What was it like to live in the Indus Valley?	Who discovered the Indus Valley civilisation?	What was life like in the Indus Valley Civilisation?	What can we learn from The Indus valley artefacts?	non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – The Shang Dynasty (China)
Recurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary-			Take away points: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When did the Indus Valley Civilisation exist? 2. What was a typical day like for an Indus Valley child. 3. Explain how the artefacts tell us that the Indus Valley Civilisation differs from our everyday life. . 			

Developing

Embedded

History - Year 4 - Ancient Egyptians

<p>Prior knowledge</p>	<p>Current Knowledge- a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – Ancient Egyptians: 3000 - 1300 BC</p>						<p>Future Knowledge</p>
<p>Changes in Britain from the Indus Valley</p>	<p>Where do the Ancient Egyptians fit in history? chronological order</p>	<p>Where were the Ancient Egyptians located and discovered?</p>	<p>What was life like during the Ancient Egyptians period?</p>	<p>Who were the Egyptian Pharaohs and Queens?</p>	<p>What were Ancient Egypt arts and culture?</p>	<p>Why did the Ancient Egyptians decline?</p>	
<p>Reoccurring Vocabulary-</p>	<p>Vocabulary- Nile River, Mummified, Hieroglyphics Sacred, Tutankhamun, Pyramids of Giza</p>			<p>Take away points:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Name and explain three ways rich and poor Egyptians differed. Who were Tutankhamun and Cleopatra and why were they important? Explain why and how Egyptians were mummified. 			
<p><u>Developing</u></p>				<p><u>Embedded</u></p>			

History - Year 4 - The Early Chinese Dynasties (Shang/Zhou)

<p>Prior knowledge</p>	<p>Current Knowledge- a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – The Shang and Zhou Dynasty 1800 - 256 BC.</p>						<p>Future Knowledge</p>
	<p>Where do the Chinese Dynasties fit in history? Chronological order.</p>	<p>Where were the Chinese Dynasties established and located?</p>	<p>What was life like during this time period?</p>	<p>Who were the significant rulers of this time period?</p>	<p>What were Chinese Dynasty arts and cultures?</p>	<p>Why did the Shang and Zhou Dynasties decline?</p>	
<p>Recurring Vocabulary-</p>	<p>Vocabulary- The Terracotta Army, The Great Wall of China</p>			<p>Take away points:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> When were they established and what was life like? Who was Fu Hao and why was she so significant? Why is The Great Wall of China so significant? 			
<p><u>Developing</u></p>				<p><u>Embedded</u></p>			

History - Year 5 - Ancient Greece

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world						Future Knowledge
The Indus Valley	Where does Ancient Greece fit in history? chronological order	Where is Greece and how did the Empire form develop?	What was life like in Ancient Greece?	What have they taught us about Democracy?	What have they taught us about the Olympics?	What others things are the Ancient Greeks famous for?	A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – Mayan civilization c. AD 900;
Recurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary- Empire, expansion, locate, atlas, capital city, Soldiers, poverty, scholars, farmland, sacred buildings, temples, chiton, tunics, Democracy, city state, voting , Olympics, Olympia, Javelin, wrestling, spectators Architecture, philosophy, toga, slave Myth and legends			Take away points: 1. How was life in Ancient Greece different to ours? 2. How different was life for boys and girls? 3. What is democracy?			

Developing

Embedded

History - Year 5 - Mayan Civilisation

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – Mayan civilization c. 900 - 300 bc						Future Knowledge
Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world	Where does the Mayans civilisation fit in history? chronological order	Where was the Mayan civilization located?	What was life like during the Mayan period?	What were the Mayan cities of stone?	What were the Mayan arts and culture?	Why did the Mayan civilisation decline?	The Romans
Reoccurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary- Temple, sacrifice, blood sport, Yucatan, Chichen Itza, pyramid, Tulum, ritual, astronomy, maize, conquistador, causeway, calendar, city-state,			Take away points: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Where was the Mayan civilisation? 2. How was Mayan life different to ours? 3. How did the Mayan civilisation decline? 			
<u>Developing</u>				<u>Embedded</u>			

History - Year 5 - Romans

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain				Future Knowledge
<p>a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – Mayan civilization c. 900 - 300 bc</p>	<p>Where does the Roman civilisation fit in history? chronological order</p> <p>How are where is the Roman Empire begin?</p>	<p>Who were the famous Romans?</p> <p>What impact did they have?</p>	<p>What was life like during the Roman times? Food, Buildings, Jobs, Education, Slavery, Gladiators, Religion</p>	<p>What have we learnt from the Romans?</p>	<p>Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots</p>
<p>Reoccurring Vocabulary-</p>	<p>Vocabulary- Italy/conquering, Invasion of Britain, Julius Cesar, Augustus, Claudius, Hadian , Spartacus, Boudicca, Aqueducts, Concrete/building structures, Underfloor heating- Baths, Invasion, Roads, The Roman Numerals, The First Newspaper., Modern Plumbing and Sanitary Management.</p>		<p>Take away points:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> How was Roman life different to ours? What made Rome a successful civilisation? How have the Romans influenced us? 		

Developing

Embedded

History - Year 6- Anglo- Saxons and Scots

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots							Future Knowledge
<p>the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain</p>	<p>How, when and why did the Anglo-Saxons and Scots invade Britain and where did they come from?</p>	<p>Where did the Anglo-Saxons and Scots settle? (kingdoms)</p>	<p>How did the Anglo-Saxons change Britain? (language, religion)</p>	<p>How did Christianity affect life in Anglo-Saxon Britain?</p>	<p>What was life like in Anglo-Saxon Britain?</p>	<p>How did art and culture develop during Anglo-Saxon times? (runes/jewellery/clothes)</p>	<p>Was King Arthur really a legend?</p>	<p>the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor Examples (non-stat</p>
<p>Reoccurring Vocabulary-</p>	<p>Vocabulary-Angles, Jutes, Saxons, Frisians, Scotti, Picts, Romans, King Vortigern, Britain, Denmark, Germany, Holland,invade, invaders, invasions, Angle Land, Anglo-Saxons, native Britons, raids, Germanic tribe, Settlement, conquest, invade, invaders, kingdom, unify, Essex, Sussex, Wessex, East Anglia, Mercia, Kent, Northumbria, Pagans, paganism, Thunor, Tiw, Eostre, Blodmonath, Eostremonath, Modraniht, christianity, conversion, monk, monastery, Columba, Augustine, Lindisfarne, missionary, Archbishop, illuminated manuscript, Plough, crop, livestock, settlement, timber, thatch, dye, linen, weave, hurdles, Runes, manuscripts, artefacts, Sutton Hoo, brooch, jewellery, noble, ceremonial, archaeologist, excavate,</p>				<p>Take away points:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Know where the Anglo-Saxons and Scots came from Know how life changed in Britain - know what it was like in Anglo-Saxon times Know where they settled 			

History - Year 6- Anglo- Saxon and Vikings

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor					Future Knowledge
Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots	Where did the Vikings come from and why did they invade Britain?	How did the Kings of Britain deal with the Viking invasion?	How did the Vikings and Anglo-Saxons coexist? What was the Danegeld?	How did the Vikings live and work?	How did the last Anglo-Saxon kings shape Britain?	a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066
Reoccurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary- Vikings, Norway, Denmark, Sweden, Scandinavia, Norse, Danes, Danish, raid, pillage, longship, merchant, invaders, settlers, Alfred the Great, King Ethelred, Wessex, Guthrum, fortified, danelaw, King Athelstan, Danelaw, Danegeld, Jorvik, King Athelstan, King Ethelred the Unready, Timber, thatched, Jorvik, merchant, trader, navigator, ship-builder, Constantinople, Istanbul, Baghdad, Retaliate, reign, rebellion, Normans, Battle of Hastings, 1066, William, Duke of Normandy, Edward the Confessor, Harold II			Take away points: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Know where the Vikings came from 2. Know what the kings did after the invasion 3. Know how the Vikings lived and work 		

Developing

Embedded

History - Year 6- WW2 - beyond 1066

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge -a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066						Future Knowledge
a local history study	When and why did WW2 begin?	What was the impact on children during the war?	How did the war impact on how people lived? E.g. rationing	What role did women play in the war?	What impact did the Holocaust have?	What did we learn from the events during WW2?	
Reoccurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary- Blitz, evacuee, Adolf Hitler, Nazi party, Air Raid Shelters, D-Day, propaganda, Anne Frank, Holocaust, dictatorship, Home Front, Jews, Star of David, Enigma, allies, Nazi party, rationing,, Treaty of Versailles, Luftwaffe, military, codebreaking, June 6th 1944, invasion, Auschwitz			Take away points: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Know when and why WW2 began 2. Know the impact the war had on children 3. Know the role of women in the war 			
<u>Developing</u>				<u>Embedded</u>			

History - Year 6- Local history

Prior knowledge	Current Knowledge- a local history study						Future Knowledge
the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor	How has Middle Barton changed over time?	What events in history have changed MB?	Why has MB changed?	How have different people impacted MB's history?	What can we learn from the sources available?	What will MB look like in the future based on what we have learnt about the past?	
Reoccurring Vocabulary-	Vocabulary- Middle Barton, Steeple Barton, Henry Hall, Alexander William Hall, Barton Abbey, Oxford, Oxfordshire, Victorian, mass education, education, farming, cheap labour, Parish, Steeple Barton Primary School.			Take away points: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Know which historical events have changed Middle Barton 2. Know which people have affected MB's history 3. Know how MB has changed over time 			
<u>Developing</u>				<u>Embedded</u>			